U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS 590,000 2,653,000 2,650,000 US Army Corps of Engineers **District: CEMVN DEVIL ELBOW** DISPOSAL AREA 13 CHOUPIQUE ISLAND CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL
DEVIL'S ELBOW - SH 1
CR_50_DE1_20180307_CS
07 March 2018 2,653,000 584,000 2,656,000 587,000 NOTES: Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane
Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet. VICINITY MAP **LEGEND** -16' and above RANGE D: 0.47 MLLW Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW). Datum Relationships for gage 73585 as of December 2013:

0.0' NAVD88 (OPUS 2013) = 0.8' MLLW = 1.8' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG Gage Reading: 3 Fluff Thickness (feet)* -16' to -21' CALM Sea Conditions: --- Federal Navigation Channel Cable Area M/V TECHE Vessel Name: -21' to -26' . 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 — Federal Navigation Center Line Placement Area Shoalest Sounding** Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals. CONDITION Survey Type: -26' to -33' Esri, HERE, Garmin @ OpenStr the GIS user Channel Sounding Frequency***: LOW The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard [__] Anchorage Area Upper Channel As-built Pipeline/Cable Beacon, General -33' to -39' and USACE survey crews. -39' to -41' ∅ Obstruction Point Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable 2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 Red Navigation Buoy Sheet -41' to -43' Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339. Wrecks-Submerged — Project Depth Contour -43' and below Reference Green Navigation Buoy 400 1,200 * Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'. Number 50 **of** 53 ** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach. 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 *** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) Revison Number: 3.12-20160811 survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consoldiated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer