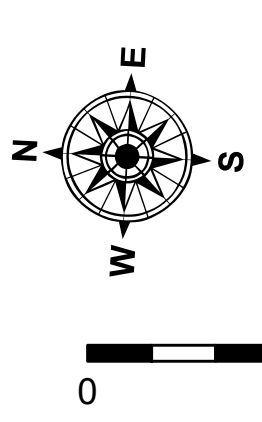


| LEGEND                           |                     |                           |                |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| --- Federal Navigation Channel   | ○ Cable Area        | 3 Fluff Thickness (feet)* | -16' and above |
| — Federal Navigation Center Line | □ Placement Area    | ● Shoalest Sounding**     | -16' to -21'   |
| — As-built Pipeline/Cable        | ⊗ Anchorage Area    | ★ Beacon, General         | -21' to -26'   |
| ..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable | ⊗ Obstruction Point | ◆ Red Navigation Buoy     | -26' to -33'   |
| — Project Depth Contour          | ⊗ Wrecks-Submerged  | ◆ Green Navigation Buoy   | -33' to -39'   |
|                                  |                     |                           | -39' to -41'   |
|                                  |                     |                           | -41' to -43'   |
|                                  |                     |                           | -43' and below |



Gage Reading: RANGE E:2.10 MLLW  
 Sea Conditions: CALM  
 Vessel Name: M/V VALENTOUR  
 Survey Type: CONDITION  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

Vertical Datum:  
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW).  
 Datum Relationships for gage 73575 as of December 2013:  
 0.0' NAVD88 (OPUS 2013) = 0.8' MLLW = 1.8' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG

Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
 The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.

2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP  
 Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.  
 \* Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.  
 \*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
 \*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.



**DISCLAIMER**  
 The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers. The user of this information is advised that the data is only valid for its intended use, control, time and accuracy specifications. The user is responsible for the results of any application of the data for other than its intended purpose. The Corps of Engineers does not accept responsibility for changes in the hydrographic conditions when developed after the date of the survey. Product maintainers should not rely solely upon it.

|  |                                      |                   |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS<br>NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT |                                      |                   |
| Submitted:   | Surveyed By:<br>RYLAND ADAMS         | Plotted By:<br>BD |
| Recommended:   | Checked By:<br>AC                    | Checked By:<br>AC |
| Approved:  | Chief, Waterways Maintenance Section |                   |

**CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL  
 UPPER SHEET 9  
 CR\_09\_UPR\_20200623\_CS  
 23 June 2020**

**Sheet Reference Number  
 9 of 53**

Revision Number:  
 4.1-2019105