

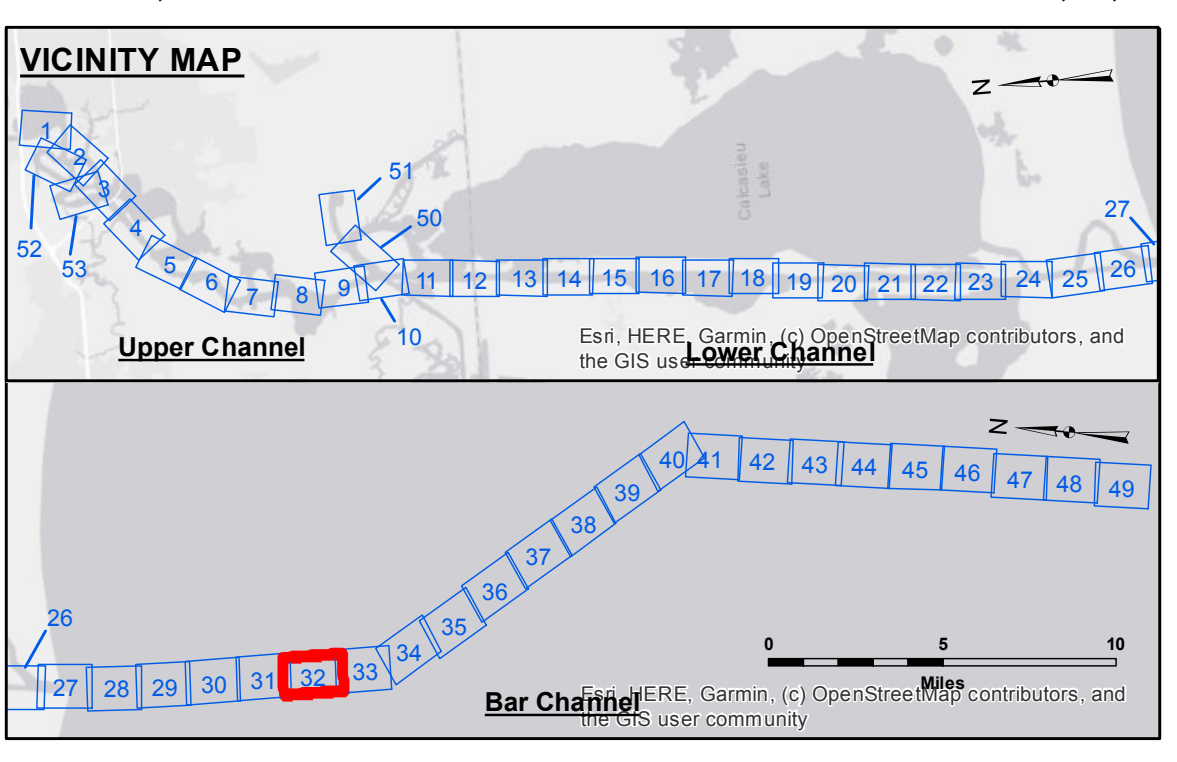
DISCLAIMER
 The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted by the United States Government. The United States Government does not warrant, either expressly or impliedly, the accuracy, completeness, or reliability of the information provided. The user is responsible for the accuracy of the information used for any purpose other than that for which it was intended. The user is responsible for the accuracy of the information used for any purpose other than that for which it was intended. The user is responsible for the accuracy of the information used for any purpose other than that for which it was intended.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Submitted:	RYLAND/DAMS
Recommended:	AO
Checked By:	AO

CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL
BAR SHEET 32
CR_32_BAR_20200829_CS_POSTSTORM
29 August 2020

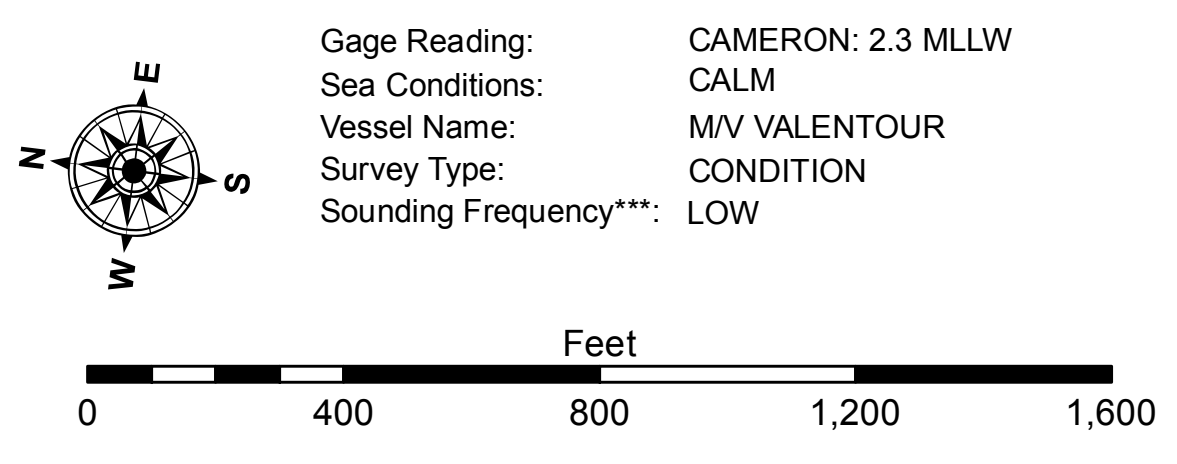
Sheet Reference Number
32 of 53

Revision Number:
 4.1-20191105



LEGEND

--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	3 Fluff Thickness (feet)*	■ -16' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	■ -16' to -21'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Anchorage Area	★ Beacon, General	■ -21' to -26'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	■ -26' to -33'
— Project Depth Contour	⊗ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	■ -33' to -39'
			■ -39' to -41'
			■ -41' to -43'
			■ -43' and below



NOTES:
 Horizontal Coordinate System:
 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.
 Vertical Datum:
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW). Datum Relationships for gage 73650 as of December 2013:
 0.0' NAVD88 (2009.55) = 1.3' MLLW = 2.3' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG
 Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.
 The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.
 2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP
 Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.
 * Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.
 ** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.
 *** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.