

US Army Corps of Engineers District: CEMVNV

DISCLAIMER: The data on this chart were derived from the most current available information and is not guaranteed to be accurate. The user assumes all responsibility for the use of this information. The user agrees to hold the Corps of Engineers harmless for any loss or damage resulting from the use of this information. The user agrees to indemnify and hold the Corps of Engineers harmless for any loss or damage resulting from the use of this information.

REVISIONS:

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	16 SEP 2017	ISSUED

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

Submitted: _____

Checked By: _____

Approved: _____

CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL BAR SHEET 34

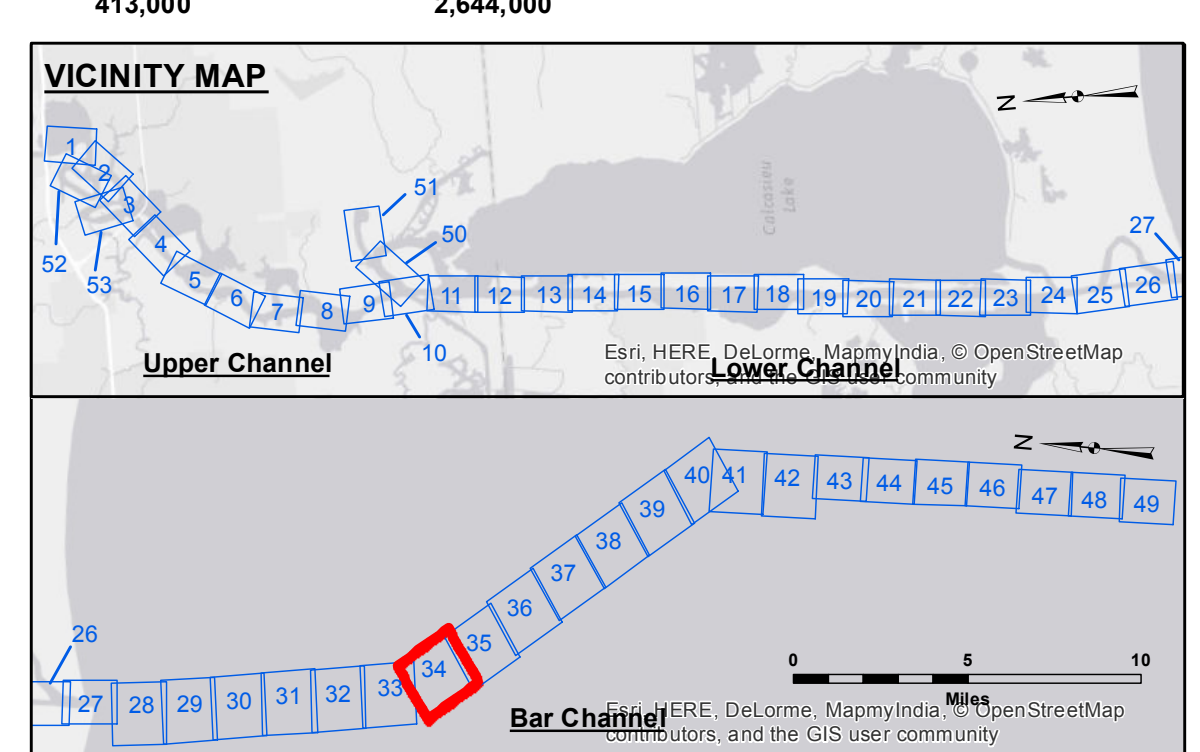
CR_34_BARX_20170916_CS

16 September 2017

Sheet Reference Number

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Revision Number: 3.12.2016011



LEGEND

- Federal Navigation Channel
- Federal Navigation Center Line
- As-built Pipeline/Cable
- Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable
- Project Depth Contour
- Cable Area
- Placement Area
- Anchorage Area
- Obstruction Point
- Wrecks-Submerged
- 3 Fluff Thickness (feet)*
- Shoalest Sounding**
- ★ Beacon, General
- ★ Red Navigation Buoy
- ★ Green Navigation Buoy
- -15' and above
- -15' to -20'
- -20' to -25'
- -25' to -32'
- -32' to -38'
- -38' to -40'
- -40' to -42'
- -42' and below

NOTE 57,000

Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:
Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Low Gulf Datum (MLG). Datum Relationships for gage 73650 as of December 2013:
0.0' NAVD88 (2009.55) = 1.3' MLLW = 2.3' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG

Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.

2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.

* Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.
** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Gage Reading: CAMERON: 3.28 MLG
Sea Conditions: CHOP
Vessel Name: M/V TECHE
Survey Type: CONDITION
Sounding Frequency***: LOW

Feet

0 400 800 1,200 1,600