U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS 413,000 2,653,000 US Army Corps of Engineers District: CEMVN C CURVE DATA $\Delta = 30^{\circ} 13'$ $D = 1^{\circ} 00'$ T/= 1546.85' L = 3021.67' R = 5729.58' GULF OF MEXICO STA. 472+00.00 AZ. 231°37' 7.8 SITE NO. 2 CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL
BAR SHEET 34
CR_34_BAR_20240415_CS
15 April 2024 DISPOSAL AREA 2,647,000 413,000 410,000 2,650,000 Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane **VICINITY MAP** Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet. z ----**LEGEND** Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW). -16' and above CAMERON VRN: 1.84 MLLW AVG. Gage Reading: Datum Relationships for gage 73650 as of December 2013: 3 Fluff Thickness (feet)* CHOPPY 0.0' NAVD88 (2009.55) = 1.3' MLLW = 2.3' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG -16' to -21' Sea Conditions: --- Federal Navigation Channel Cable Area Vessel Name: **MV TECHE** -21' to -26' Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals. — Federal Navigation Center Line Placement Area Shoalest Sounding** CONDITION Survey Type: -26' to -33' The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard Esri, HERE Garmin (c) OpenSt the GIS user Channel Sounding Frequency***: LOW **Upper Channel** and USACE survey crews. [___] Anchorage Area As-built Pipeline/Cable -33' to -39' Beacon, General 2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP -39' to -41' ∅ Obstruction Point Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 Red Navigation Buoy Sheet -41' to -43' Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339. — Project Depth Contour Wrecks-Submerged Reference -43' and below * Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'. **Green Navigation Buoy** 1,200 Number 400 ** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach. 34 **of** *** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consoldiated bottom Revison Number: material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer 4.2-20200420