



US Army Corps of Engineers
District: CEMVW

Disclaimer: The data represents the results of a survey conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The user is responsible for the accuracy, reliability, and use of the data for any purpose other than that intended. The user is responsible for the accuracy, reliability, and use of the data for any purpose other than that intended. The user is responsible for the accuracy, reliability, and use of the data for any purpose other than that intended.

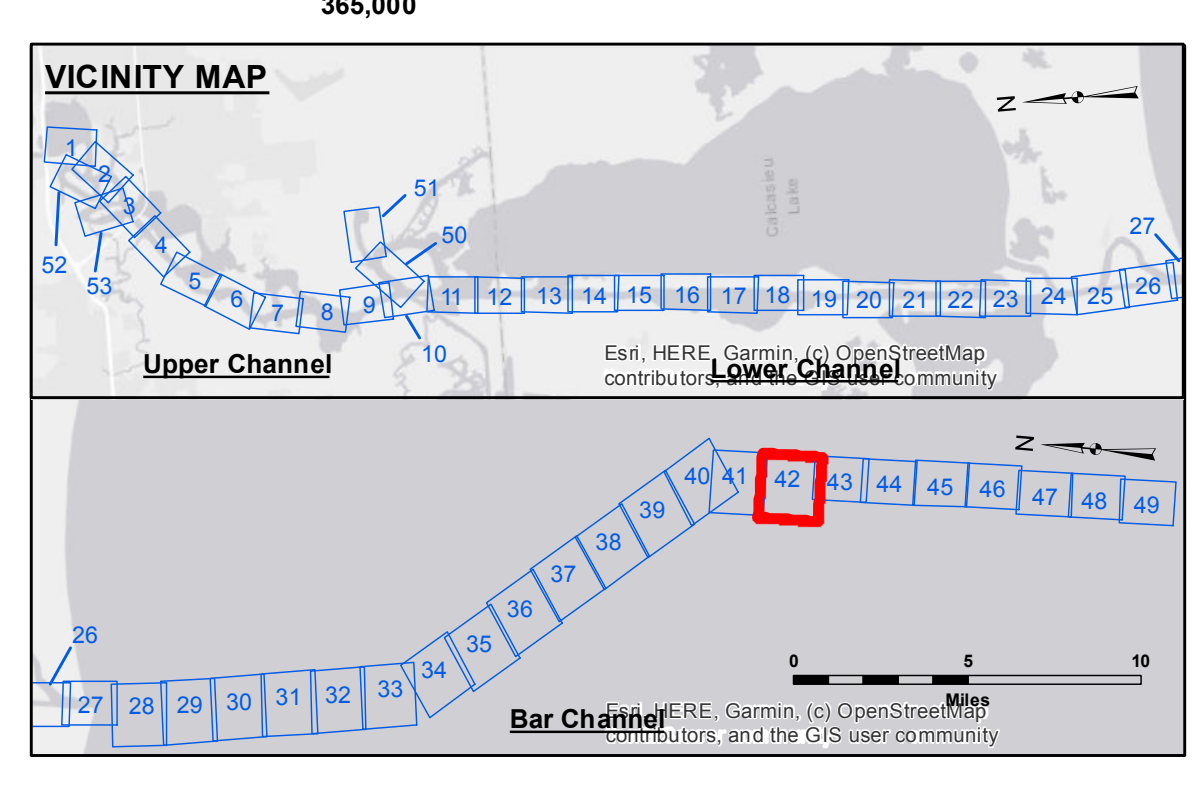
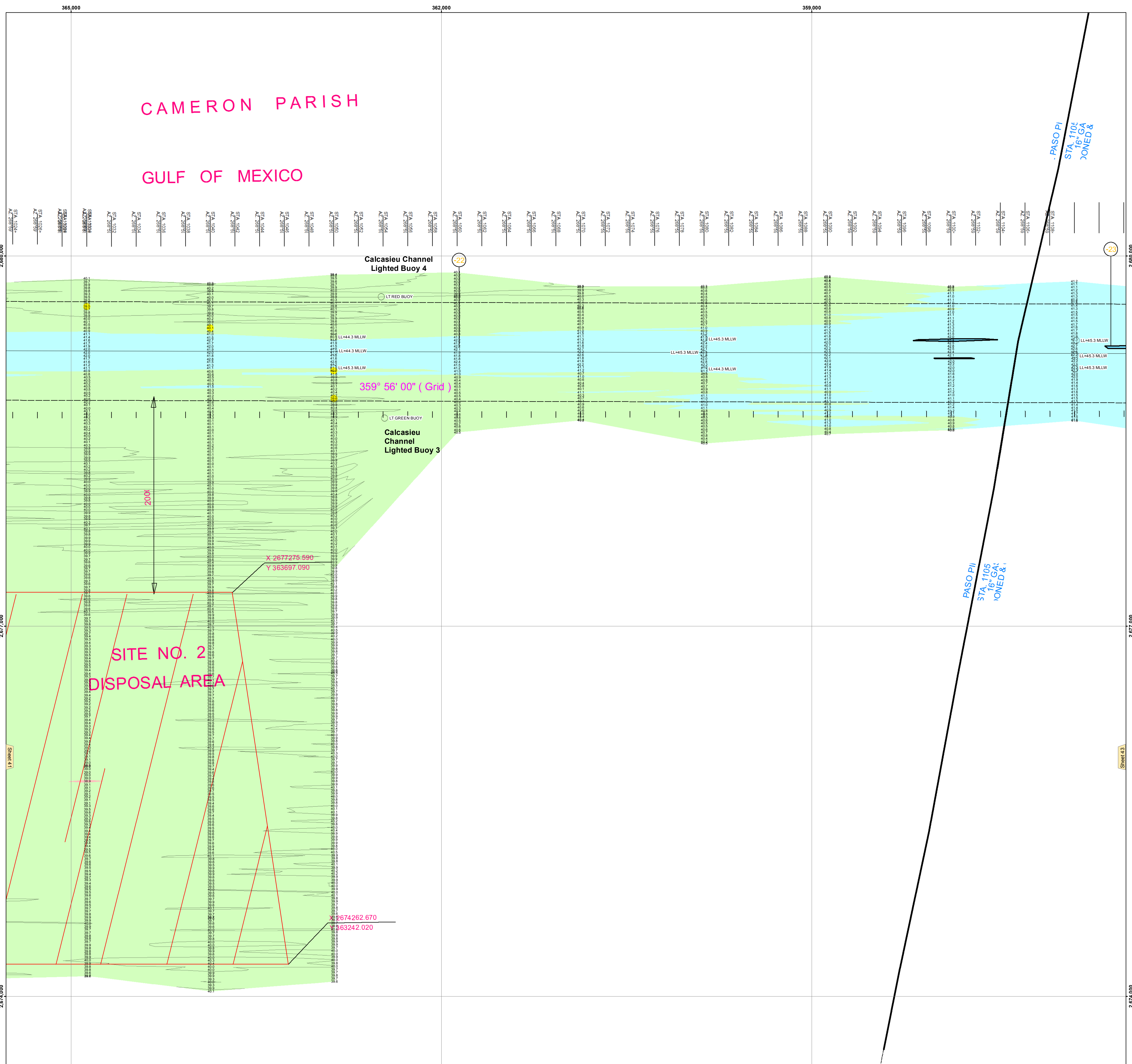
Submitted:	Surveys By: SP/PS
Recommended:	Plotted By: BD
Approved:	Checked By: AO

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL
BAR SHEET 42
CR_42_BARX_20220302_CS
02 March 2022

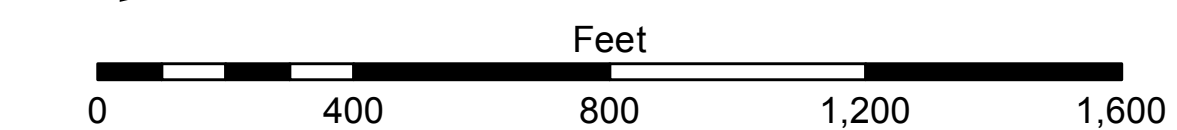
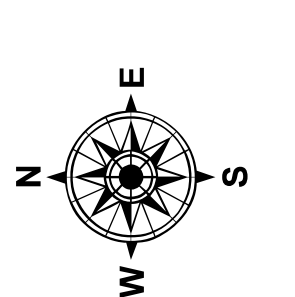
Sheet Reference Number
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Revision Number:
4.2-20090420



LEGEND

--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	3 Fluff Thickness (feet)*	■ -16' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	■ -21' to -26'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Anchorage Area	★ Beacon, General	■ -26' to -33'
--- Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	★ Red Navigation Buoy	■ -33' to -39'
— Project Depth Contour	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged	★ Green Navigation Buoy	■ -39' to -41'
			■ -41' to -43'
			■ -43' and below



Gage Reading: CAMERON: 0.67 MLLW AVG.
Sea Conditions: CALM
Vessel Name: MV LAFOURCHE
Survey Type: CONDITION
Sounding Frequency***: HIGH/LOW

NOTES:
Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:
Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW). Datum Relationships for gage 73650 as of December 2013:
0.0' NAVD88 (2009.55) = 1.3' MLLW = 2.3' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG

Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.

2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP
Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.

* Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.
** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.
*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.