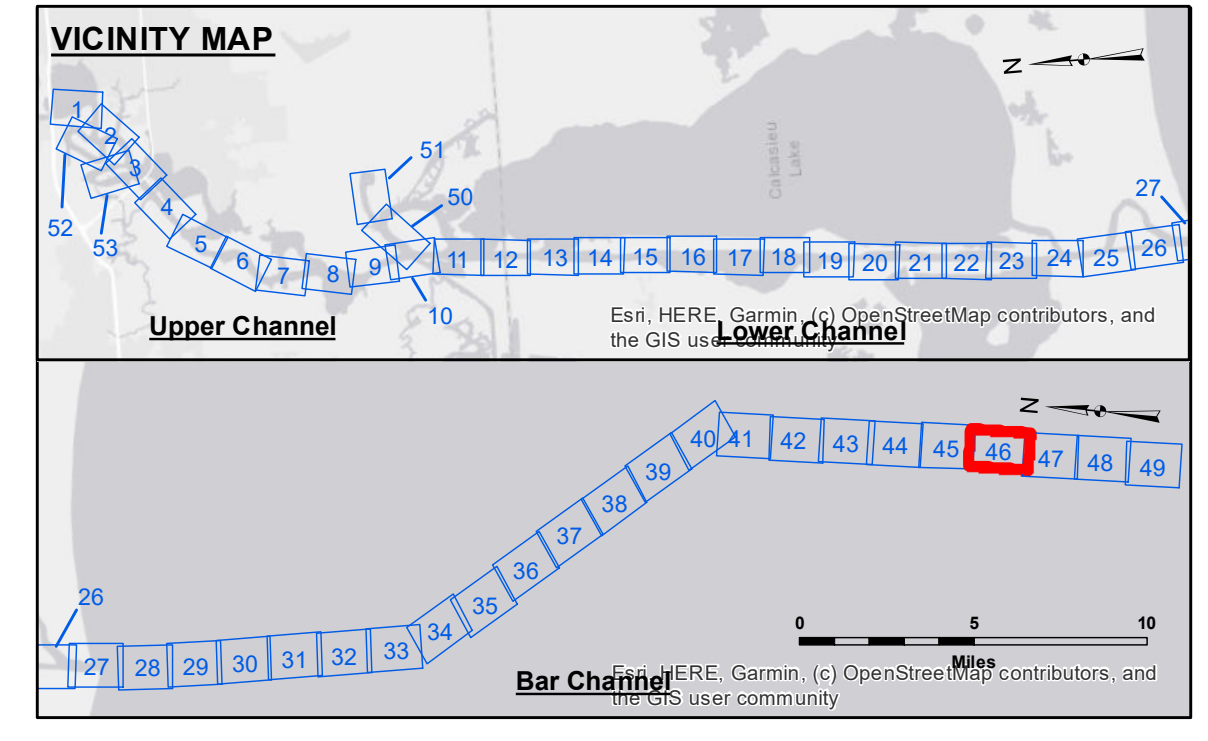
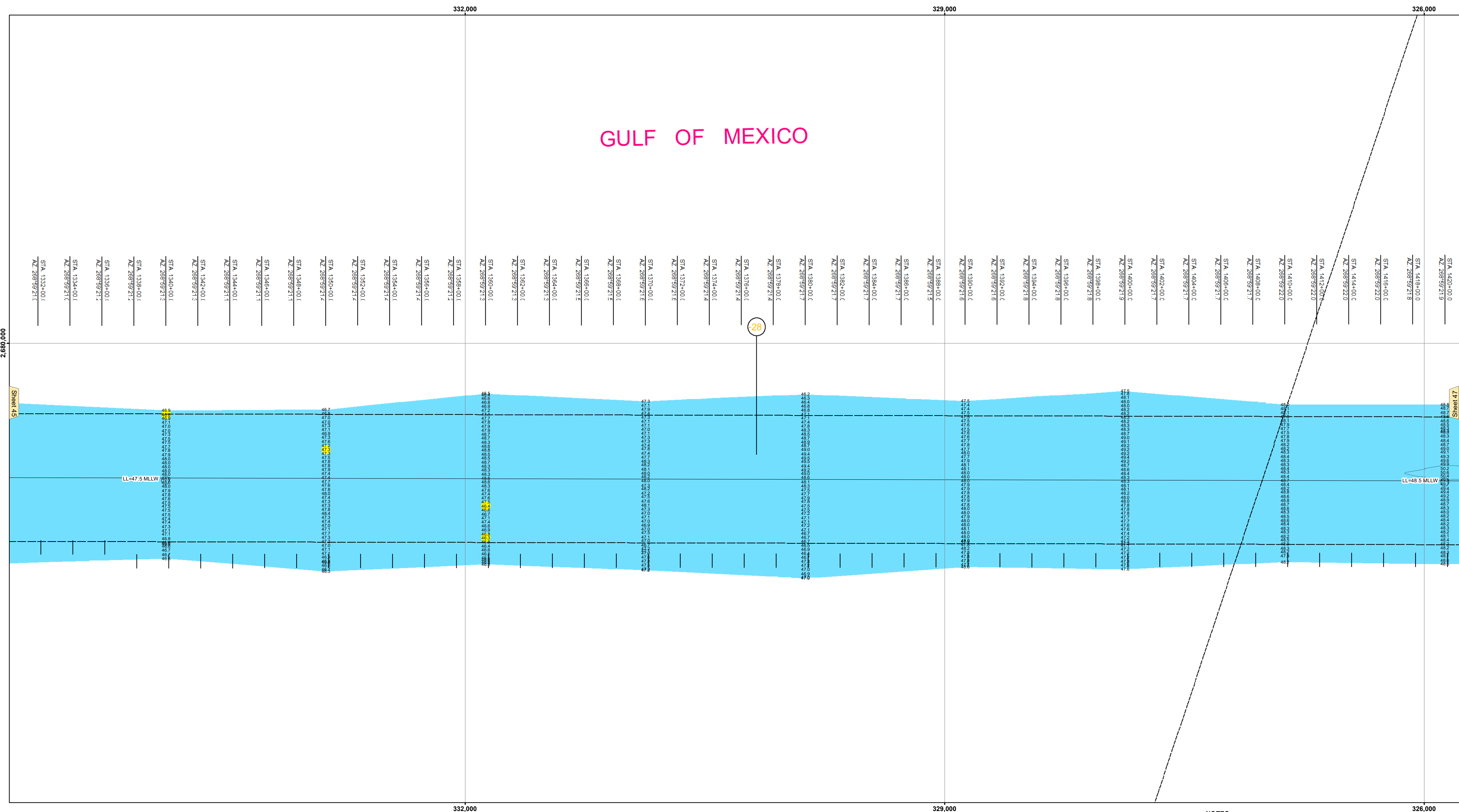


**US Army Corps of Engineers District: CEMV**

**NOTES:**

The data represents the results of data collection for a specific US Army Corps of Engineers project. The data is not intended for use in any other project. The user is responsible for the results of any application of the data for other than its intended purpose.

**Disclaimer:** The data represents the results of data collection for a specific US Army Corps of Engineers project. The data is not intended for use in any other project. The user is responsible for the results of any application of the data for other than its intended purpose.



**LEGEND**

- Federal Navigation Channel
- Federal Navigation Center Line
- As-built Pipeline/Cable
- ..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable
- Project Depth Contour
- Cable Area
- Placement Area
- ⊗ Obstruction Point
- ✈ Wrecks-Submerged
- 3 Fluff Thickness (feet)\*
- Shoalest Sounding\*\*
- ★ Beacon, General
- ◆ Red Navigation Buoy
- ◇ Green Navigation Buoy
- -16' and above
- -16' to -21'
- -21' to -26'
- -26' to -33'
- -33' to -39'
- -39' to -41'
- -41' to -43'
- -43' and below

**NOTES:**

Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water Datum (MLLW). Datum Relationships for gage 73650 as of December 2013: 0.0' NAVD88 (2009.55) = 1.3' MLLW = 2.3' MLG or 0.0' MLLW = 1.0' MLG

Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.

2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP

Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.

\* Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Gage Reading: CAMERON: 2.5 MLLW AVG  
 Sea Conditions: 1'  
 Vessel Name: M/V VALENTOUR  
 Survey Type: CONDITION  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

Submitted:	Surveyed By: JDH/ADAMS
Recommended:	Plotted By: BD
Approved:	Checked By: AC

**CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL**  
**BAR SHEET 46**  
**CR\_46\_BAR\_20200613\_CS\_POSTSTORM**  
**13 June 2020**

**Sheet Reference Number**  
**46 of 53**

Revision Number:  
 4.1-20191105