

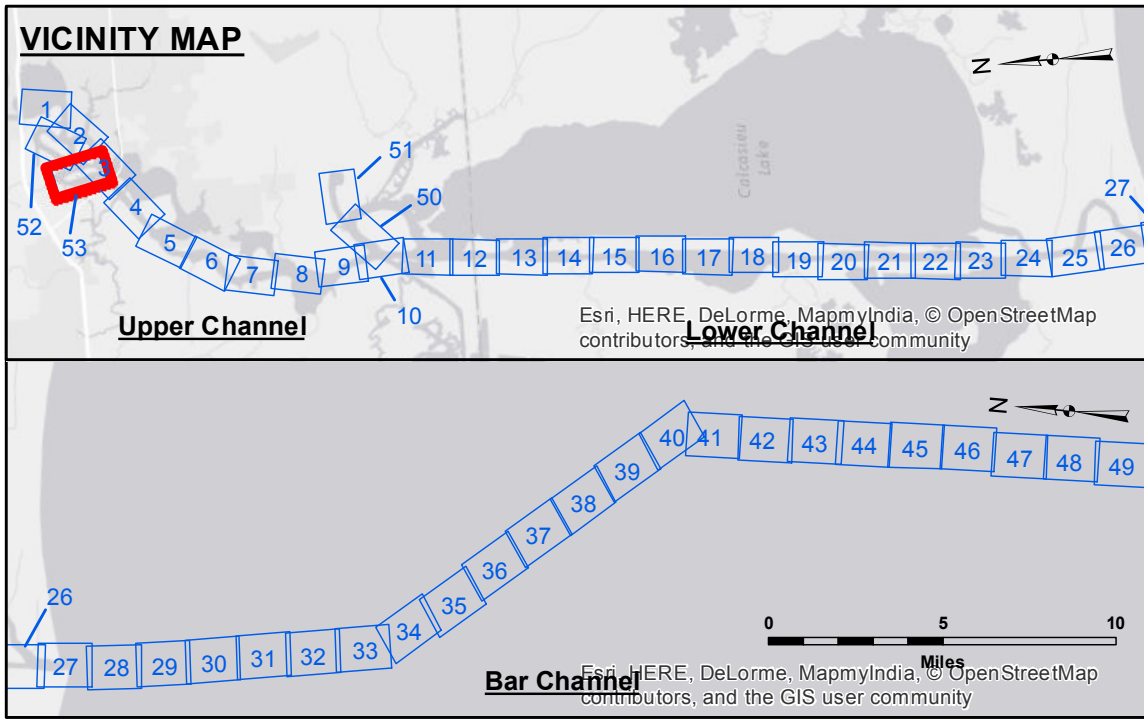
US Army Corps of Engineers District: CEMVN

ACCESS LIMITS
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U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

**CALCASIEU SHIP CHANNEL
 COON ISLAND
 CR_53_CNI_20151117
 17 November 2015**



LEGEND	
--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Borrow Area
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	● Shoalest Sounding**
— Project Depth Contour	★ Beacon, General
	◆ Red Navigation Buoy
	◆ Green Navigation Buoy
	⊗ Obstruction Point
	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged

NOTES:

Horizontal Coordinate System:
 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Low Gull Datum (MLG). Datum Relationships for gage 73550 as of December 2013:
 0.0' NAVD83 (OPUS 2010) = 0.6' MLW = 1.6' MLG or 0.0' MLW = 1.0' MLG

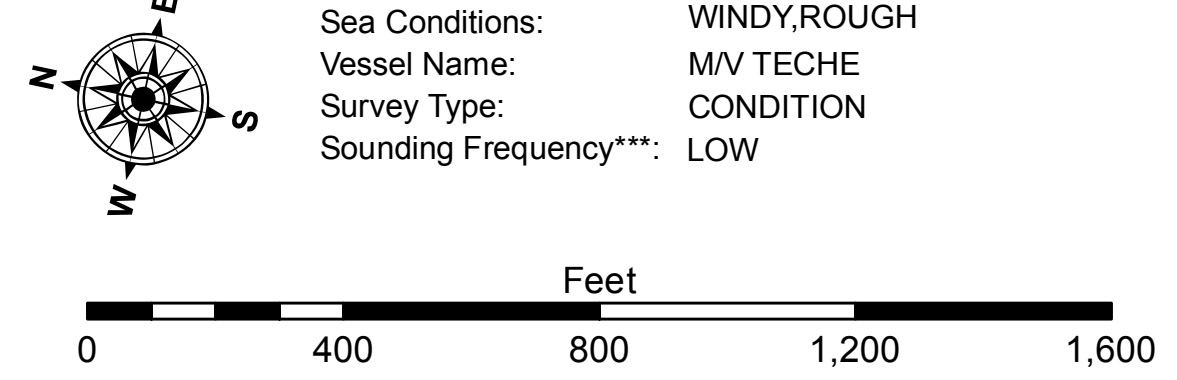
Distances on the Calcasieu River are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.

2010 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP
 Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11339.

** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.



**Sheet Reference Number
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Revision Number:
 3.8.9-20150202