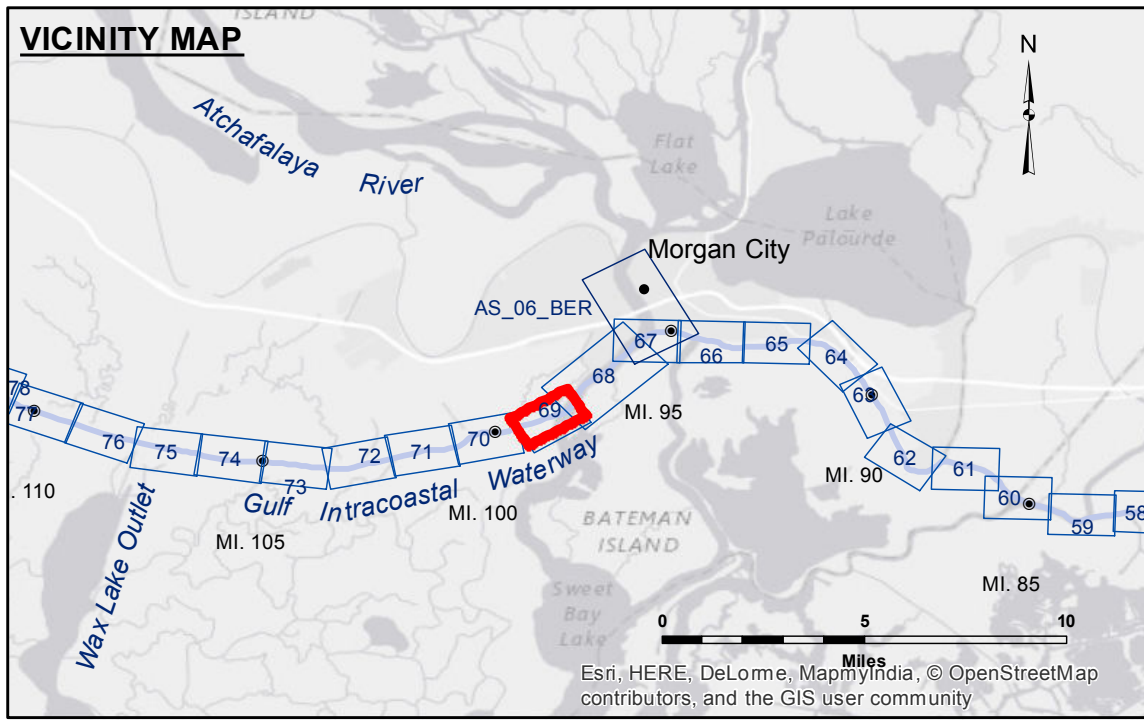


Accession: The United States Government furnishes these data and the recipient accepts and uses them with the express understanding that they are not to be used for any purpose other than that for which they were originally prepared, and that the user is responsible for the results obtained therefrom. The application of the data for other than its intended purpose is not authorized. The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers and is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was originally prepared. The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers and is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was originally prepared.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT		
Submitted:	Surveyed By: DS/JA	Plotted By: BD
Recommended: Chief Survey Section	Approved:	Checked By: AC

GULF INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY
MILE 99 POINT
GI_69_M99_20170517_CS
17 May 2017



LEGEND			
--- Federal Navigation Channel	••• Cable Area	□ Borrow Area	■ -12' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	▭ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	□ -12' and below
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Anchorage Area	☆ Beacon, General	
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	♦ Red Navigation Buoy	
— Project Depth Contour	✦ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	

NOTES:

Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:
Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Low Gulf Datum (MLG).

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2010 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP 1998 DOQQ imagery shown in green from USGS.

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11355.

** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Gage Reading: BAYOU SALE: 4.79 MLG
Sea Conditions: CALM
Vessel Name: M/V BURRWOOD
Survey Type: CONDITION
Sounding Frequency***: LOW

Scale: 0 to 1,000 Feet