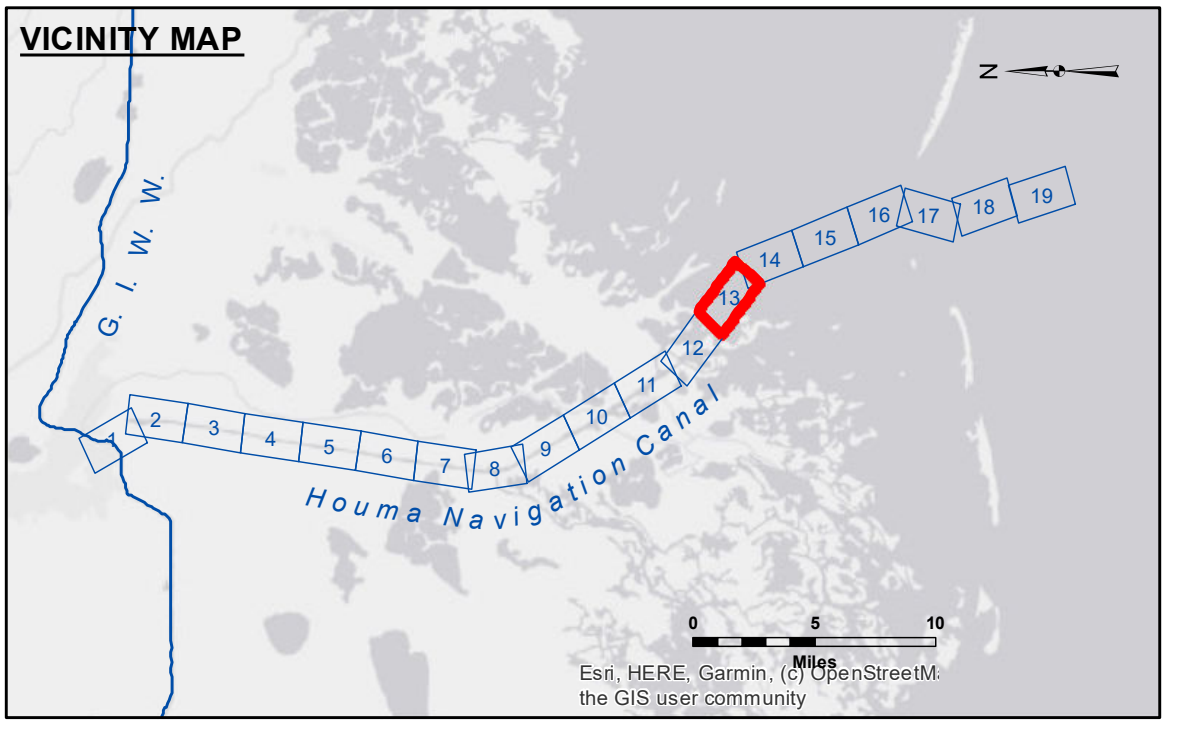


**DISCLAIMER**  
 The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The user is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of the data for its intended use. The user is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of the data for its intended use. The user is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of the data for its intended use. The user is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of the data for its intended use.

Submitted:	Surveyed By: PM/SPS
Recommended:	Plotted By: BD
Approved:	Checked By: AC

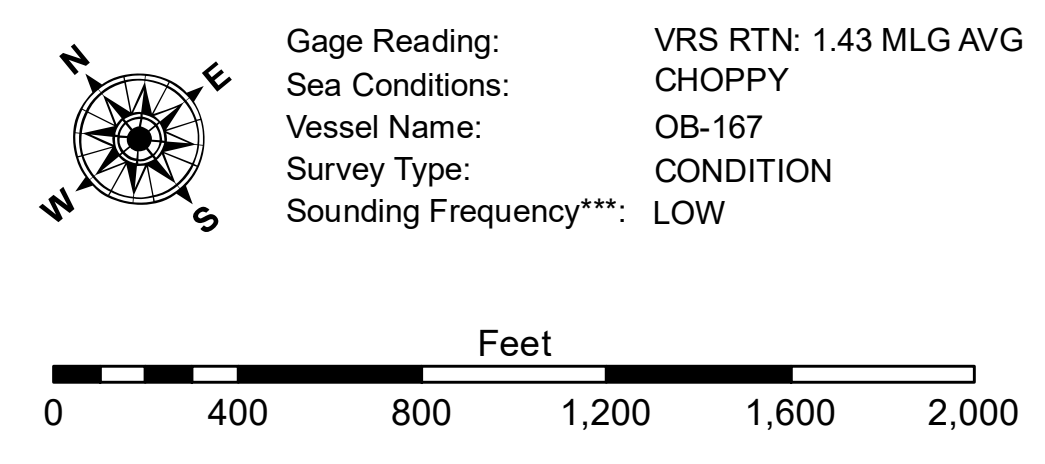
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
 NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT  
 Chief, Waterways Maintenance Section

**HOUMA NAVIGATION CANAL  
 BAY CHANNEL  
 HN\_13\_BAY\_20220325\_CS  
 25 March 2022**



**LEGEND**

--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	3 Fluff Thickness (feet)*	-12' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	-12' to -15'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Anchorage Area	★ Beacon, General	-15' to -18'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	-18' and below
— Project Depth Contour	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	



**NOTES:**  
 Horizontal Coordinate System:  
 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.  
 Vertical Datum:  
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Low Gulf Datum (MLG).  
 Datum Relationships for 76305 as of August 2014:  
 0.0' NAVD88 (OPUS 2010) = 0.42' MLLW (2007-2011) = 1.34' MLG  
 Distances on the Houma Nav. Canal are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
 The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE survey crews.  
 2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP  
 Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11355.  
 \* Difference between high and low frequency elevations where greater than 1.0'.  
 \*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
 \*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

**Sheet Reference Number  
 13 of 19**

Revision Number:  
 4.2-202/044/20