



**LEGEND**

--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ ○ Cable Area	■ Shoaling Area	0' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	0' to -5'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	[ ] Anchorage Area	★ Beacon, General	-5' to -10'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	-10' to -20'
— Project Depth Contour	→ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	-20' to -30'
			-30' to -35'
			-35' to -40'
			-40' to -45'
			-45' and below

**ES:**  
Horizontal Coordinate System:  
American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane  
Coordinate System (SPCS) Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet

al Datum:  
dings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).  
  
ances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown  
in feet.

location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.

Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.

ence is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

earliest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

high frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding

on and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) energy normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

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# Sheet Reference Number

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