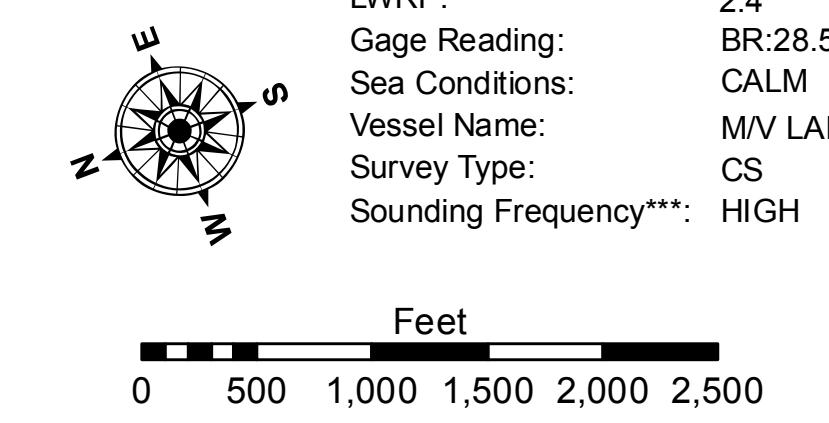
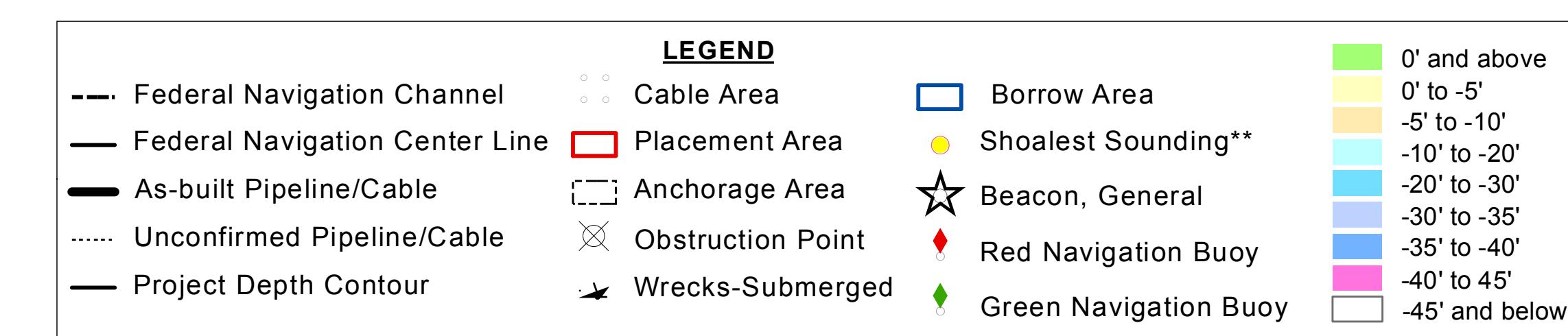
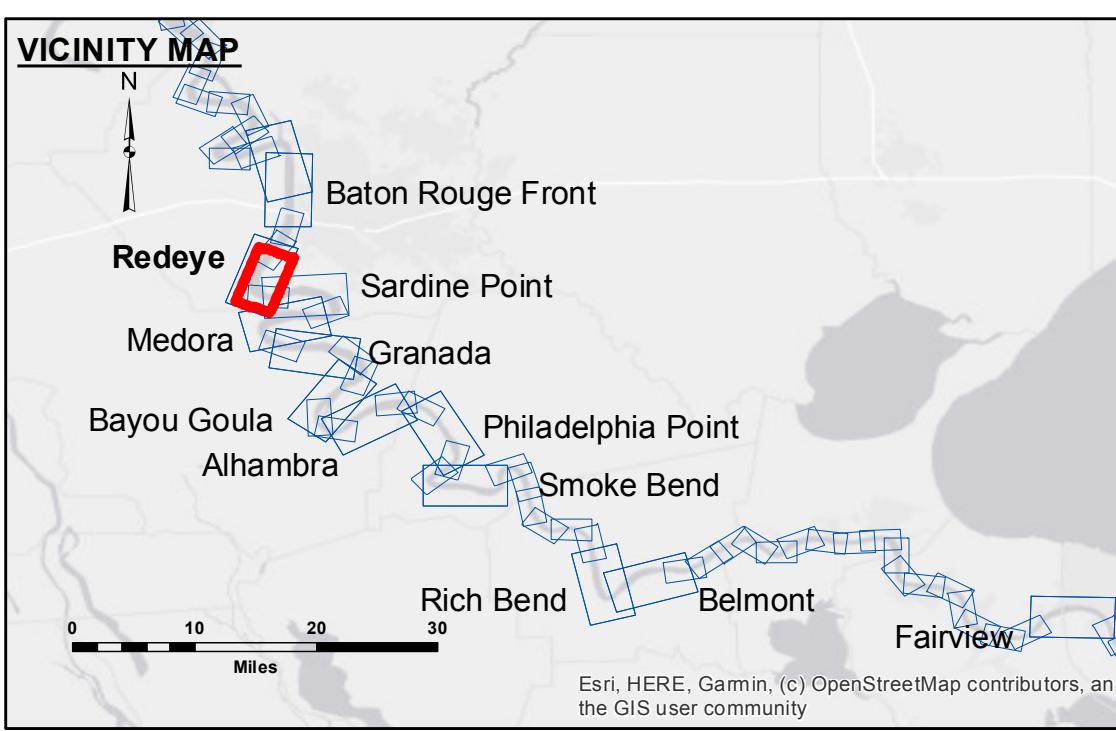


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Data Constraints: Hydrographic surveying including but not limited to dredging reports due to several factors including but not limited to dredging activity and natural shoaling and scouring processes over time. As such, the data is intended for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers internal use. Please contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for more information.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS	
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Surveyed By:	DSUA
Submitted:	
Protected By:	BD
Recommended:	Chief Survey Section
Approved:	Chief Waterway Maintenance Section
Checked By:	AO

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF**  
**REDEYE CROSSING**  
**MD\_04\_RED\_20210616\_CS**  
16 June 2021



**NOTES:**

Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NAVD). Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.

2015 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.

Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

\*\* Shoal sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (20 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

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Number**  
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