

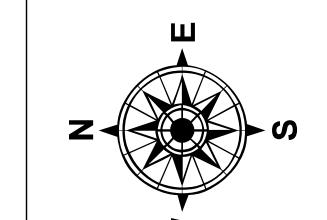
LEG

- | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|---|---------|
| — | Federal Navigation Channel | ○ ○ | Cable Area |  | Borrow |
| — | Federal Navigation Center Line |  | Placement Area |  | Shoales |
| — | As-built Pipeline/Cable |  | Anchorage Area |  | Beacon, |
| | Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable |  | Obstruction Point |  | Red Nav |
| — | Project Depth Contour |  | Wrecks-Submerged |  | Green N |

A vertical color scale bar with nine horizontal color bands and corresponding depth labels:

- 0' and above (green)
- 0' to -5' (yellow)
- 5' to -10' (orange)
- 10' to -20' (light blue)
- 20' to -30' (medium blue)
- 30' to -35' (purple)
- 35' to -40' (dark blue)
- 40' to 45' (pink)
- 45' and below (gray)

	LWRP:	2.8
	Gage Reading:	BR:15.0 D:9.1 USED:15.2 NGVD
	Sea Conditions:	CALM
	Vessel Name:	M/V LAFOURCHE
	Survey Type:	CONDITION
	Sounding Frequency***:	HIGH



0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500

156

Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane
Coordinate System (UTM Zone 10, NAD83) (FIPS 102-2)

Vertical Datum:
Elevations are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).
Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown
in miles.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.

Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Sheet Reference Number