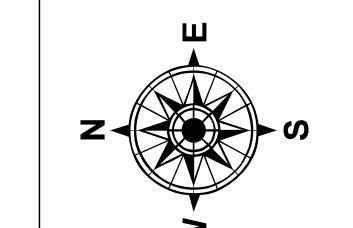


ANSWER The answer is 1000. The area of the rectangle is $10 \times 100 = 1000$.

- Federal Navigation Channel
 - Federal Navigation Center Line
 - As-built Pipeline/Cable
 - Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable
 - Project Depth Contour
 - ○ Cable Area
 - Placement A
 - Anchorage A
 - ⊗ Obstruction
 - ↗ Wrecks-Sub

The legend consists of two columns. The left column lists symbols and labels: a blue square for 'Borrow Area', a yellow circle for 'Shoalest Sounding**', a star for 'Beacon, General', a red diamond for 'Red Navigation Buoy', and a green diamond for 'Green Navigation Buoy'. The right column shows a vertical color bar with nine segments, each representing a depth range from 0' and above down to -45' and below. The colors transition from bright green at the top to white at the bottom.

Symbol/Label	Depth Range
Borrow Area	0' and above
Shoalest Sounding**	0' to -5'
Beacon, General	-5' to -10'
Red Navigation Buoy	-10' to -20'
Green Navigation Buoy	-20' to -30'
	-30' to -35'
	-35' to -40'
	-40' to 45'
	-45' and below



	LWRP:	2.8
	Gage Reading:	BR 8.8D5.2 USED:9.0 NGVD
	Sea Conditions:	CALM
	Vessel Name:	LAFOURCHE
	Survey Type:	RECON
	Sounding Frequency***:	HIGH

Sounding Frequency : HIGH

W

Feet

0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500

OTES:

Horizontal Coordinate System:
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane
Alaska FIPS 102-4 Albers Conic Equal Area Projection, NAD83

Vertical Datum:

oundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).

stances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown
1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by

10 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.
ference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

**Sheet
Reference
Number**

Revision Number:
3.12-20160811