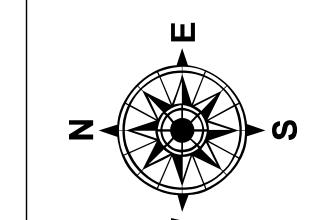


L

- | | | <u>Legend</u> | |
|-------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| --- | Federal Navigation Channel | ○ ○ | Cable Area |
| — | Federal Navigation Center Line | □ | Placement Area |
| — | As-built Pipeline/Cable | □□ | Anchorage Area |
| | Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable | ⊗ | Obstruction Point |
| — | Project Depth Contour | ↗ | Wrecks-Submerged |
| | | ■ | Borrow Area |
| | | ● | Shoalest Sounding |
| | | ★ | Beacon, General |
| | | ◆ | Red Navigation Buoy |
| | | ◆ | Green Navigation Buoy |

	0' and above
	0' to -5'
	-5' to -10'
	-10' to -20'
	-20' to -30'
	-30' to -35'
	-35' to -40'
	-40' to 45'
	-45' and below



W

Feet

0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500

158

Coordinate System:
Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane
Coordinate System (SPCS) NAD83 - Texas North FIPS 32-1000

own in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).
Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown

nigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.

A-A Navigation, G-11-N, 11678

ing per Quarter per Reach.

200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding. It may include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) sound generally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Survey accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Sheet Reference Number