

US Army Corps of Engineers
District: CEMVN

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A: This data represents the results of data collection/processing by a specific US Army Corps of Engineers activity and includes the general existing conditions. Such data is not necessarily current or accurate for specific applications. The user is responsible for the results of any application of the data for other than its intended purpose.

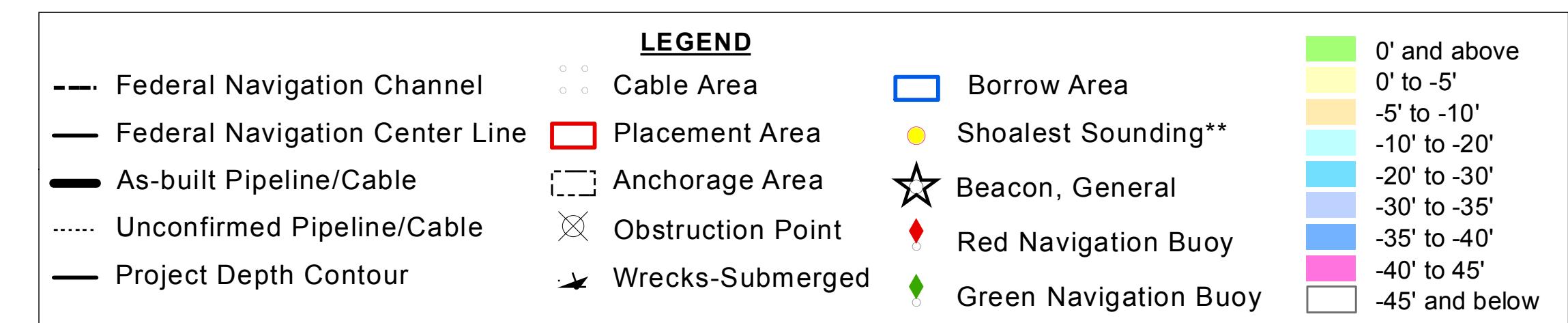
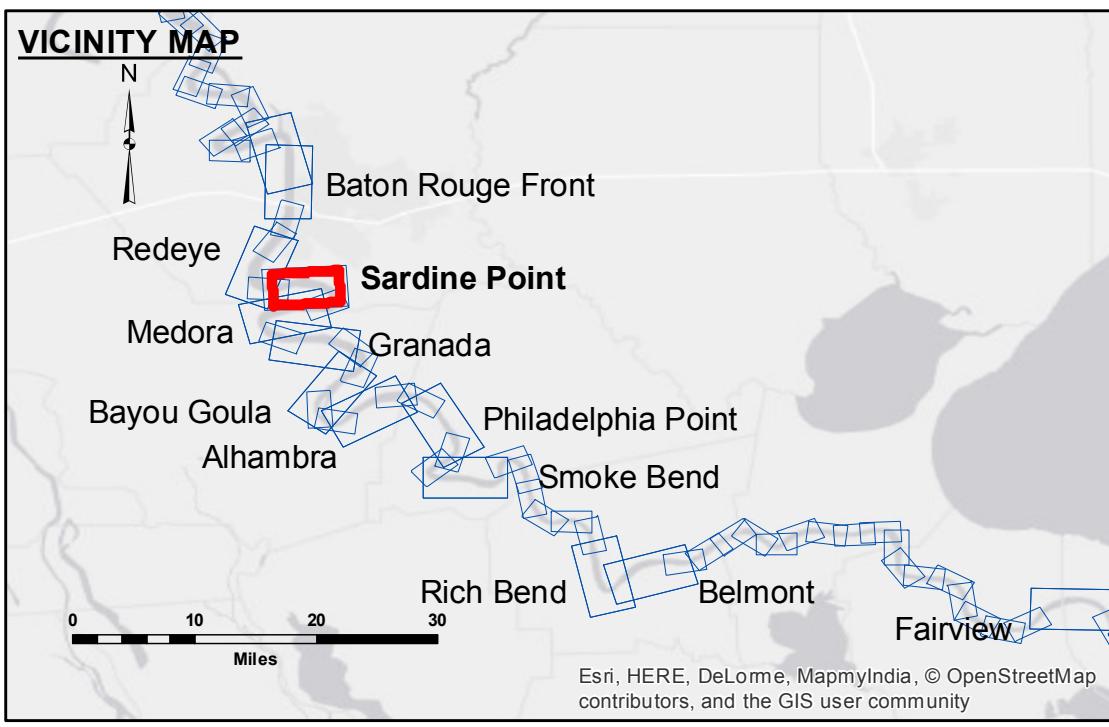
Data Constraints: Hydrographic survey data is subject to change rapidly due to severe events including but not limited to dredging activity and natural shoaling and scouring processes. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers does not warrant the data for use in hydrographic conditions which develop after the date of publication. This data is intended for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers use and shall not be sold or distributed outside the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers without prior approval.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS	
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Surveyed By:	DSR
Submitted:	
Protected By:	BD
Recommended:	One Survey Section
Approved:	One Waterways Maintenance Section
Checked By:	AO

MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF
SARDINE POINT RECON
MR_06_SDP_20161205
05 December 2016

Sheet Reference Number
6 of 97

Revision Number:
3.8.0-20150202



LWRP: 2.4
Gage Reading: BR:9.2 D:5.2 USED:8.5 NGVD
Sea Conditions: CALM
Vessel Name: M/V LAFOURCHE
Survey Type: CONDITION
Sounding Frequency*:** HIGH

NOTES:

Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD). Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.

2010 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.

Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.