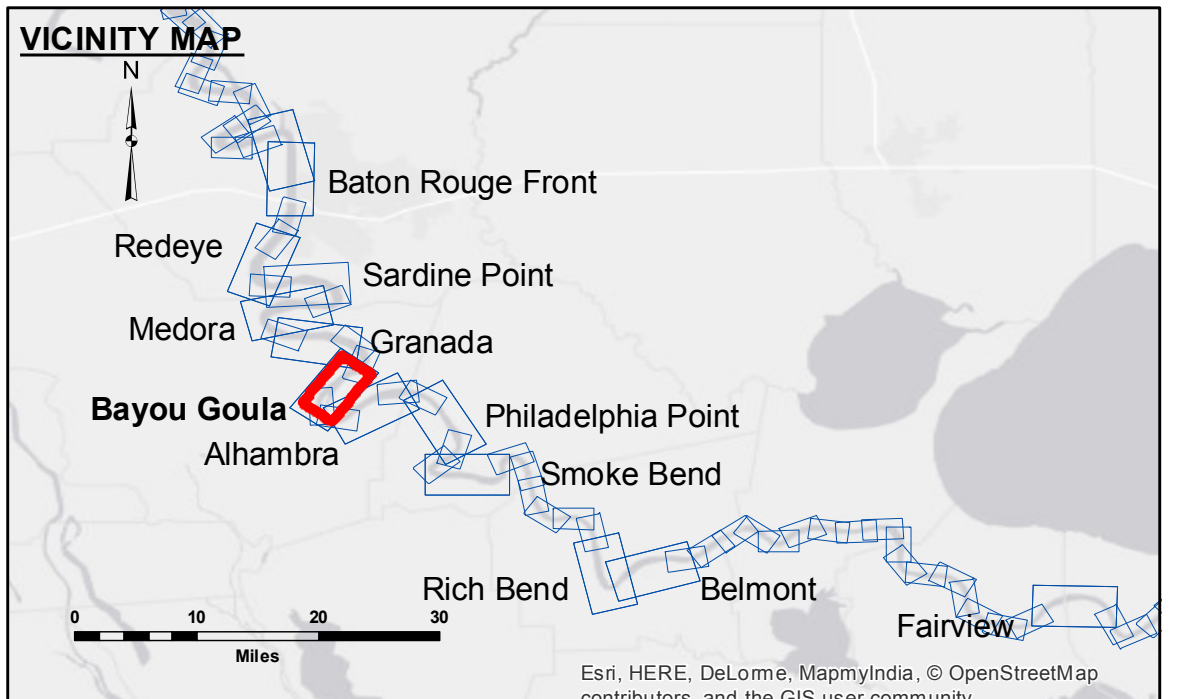


**Access to Information:** The United States Government furnishes these data and the recipient accepts and uses them with the express understanding that the data are not to be used for any purpose other than that for which they were prepared. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data. The user is also responsible for the accuracy, reliability, usability or suitability for any particular purpose of the data. The user is also responsible for the accuracy, reliability, usability or suitability for any particular purpose of the data. The user is also responsible for the accuracy, reliability, usability or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Submitted:	SPS:JH
Recommended:	Chief Survey Section
Approved:	Chief Waterways Maintenance Section
Plotted By:	AO
Checked By:	AO



LEGEND	
--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Anchorage Area
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point
— Project Depth Contour	✶ Wrecks-Submerged
□ Borrow Area	★ Beacon, General
● Shoalest Sounding**	◆ Red Navigation Buoy
○ Green Navigation Buoy	◆ Green Navigation Buoy

**NOTES:**

Horizontal Coordinate System:  
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:  
Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).  
Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.  
2010 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11370.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

LWRP: 1.8  
Gage Reading: BR:8.0D:4.4 USED:6.4 NGVD  
Sea Conditions: CALM  
Vessel Name: OB189  
Survey Type: CONDITION  
Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: HIGH

0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500 Feet

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF  
BAYOU GOULA RECON  
MR\_13\_GOU\_20161201  
01 December 2016**

**Sheet  
Reference  
Number  
13 of 97**