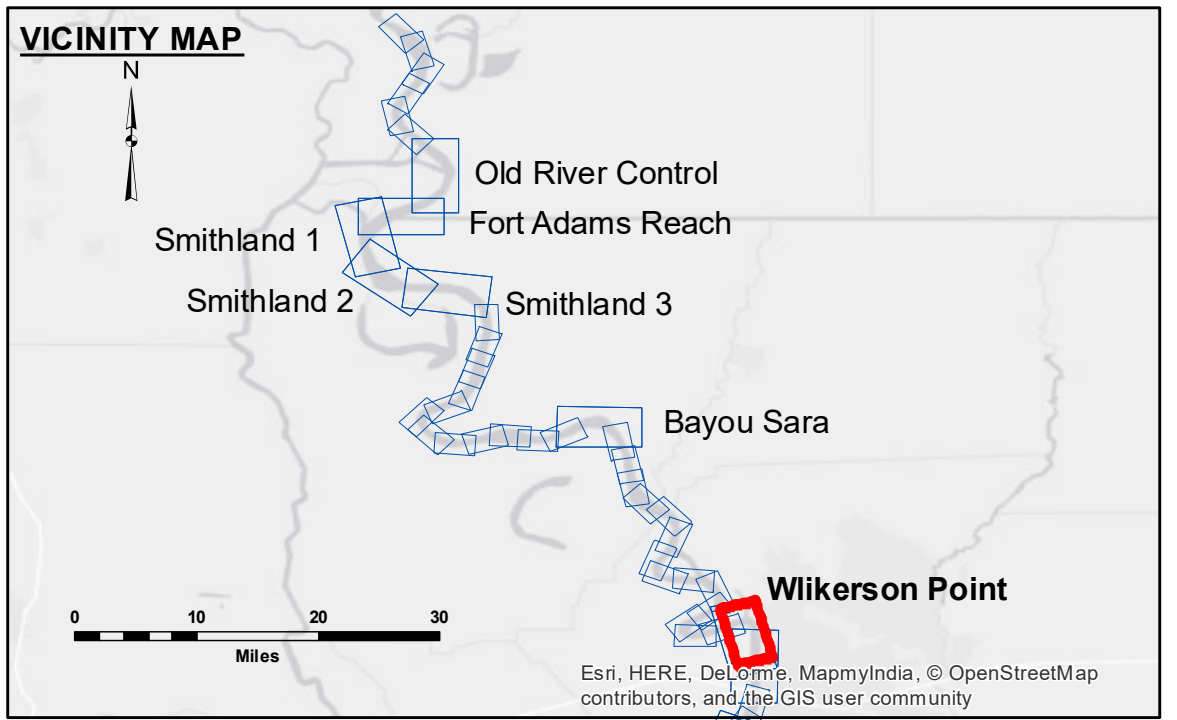


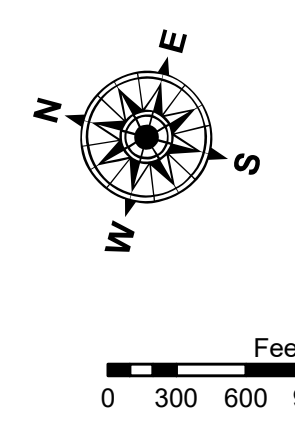
DISCLAIMER: The United States Government furnishes these data and the recipient accepts and uses them with the express understanding that the data are not warranted for any purpose other than that for which they were collected. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data for any purpose other than that for which they were collected. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data for any purpose other than that for which they were collected. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data for any purpose other than that for which they were collected.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Submitted:	RYLAND ADAMS
Recommended:	Chief Survey Section
Plotted By:	BD
Checked By:	AC

MISSISSIPPI RIVER - SHALLOW DRAFT
WILKERSON POINT
MS_39_WIL_20171108_CS
08 November 2017



LEGEND			
--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	■ Shoaling Area	■ 0' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	■ 0' to -5'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Anchorage Area	★ Beacon, General	■ -5' to -9'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	□ -9' and below
— Project Depth Contour	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	



LWRP: 3.3
 Gage Reading: RR:26.95 BR:12.7 USED:13.90 NGVD
 Sea Conditions: CALM
 Vessel Name: OB-189
 Survey Type: CONDITION
 Sounding Frequency***: HIGH

NOTES:
 Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.
 Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Low Water Reference Plane 2007 (NGVD).
 Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.
 The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard and USACE crew.
 2010 Aerial Photography data source: NAIP, USDA-FSA-APFO Aerial Photography Field Office.
 Reference is USACE IENC U35LM236.
 *** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.
 High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (20 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

Sheet Reference Number
39 of 39
 Revision Number: 3.13-20160811