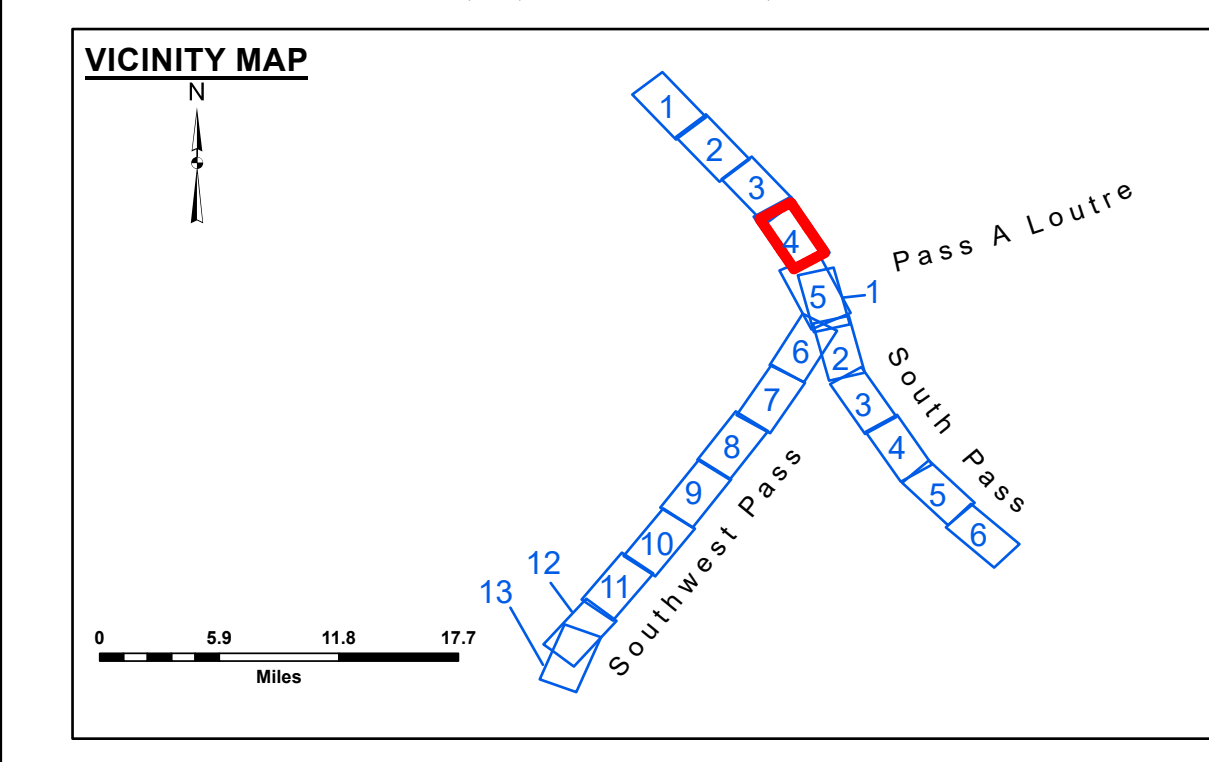
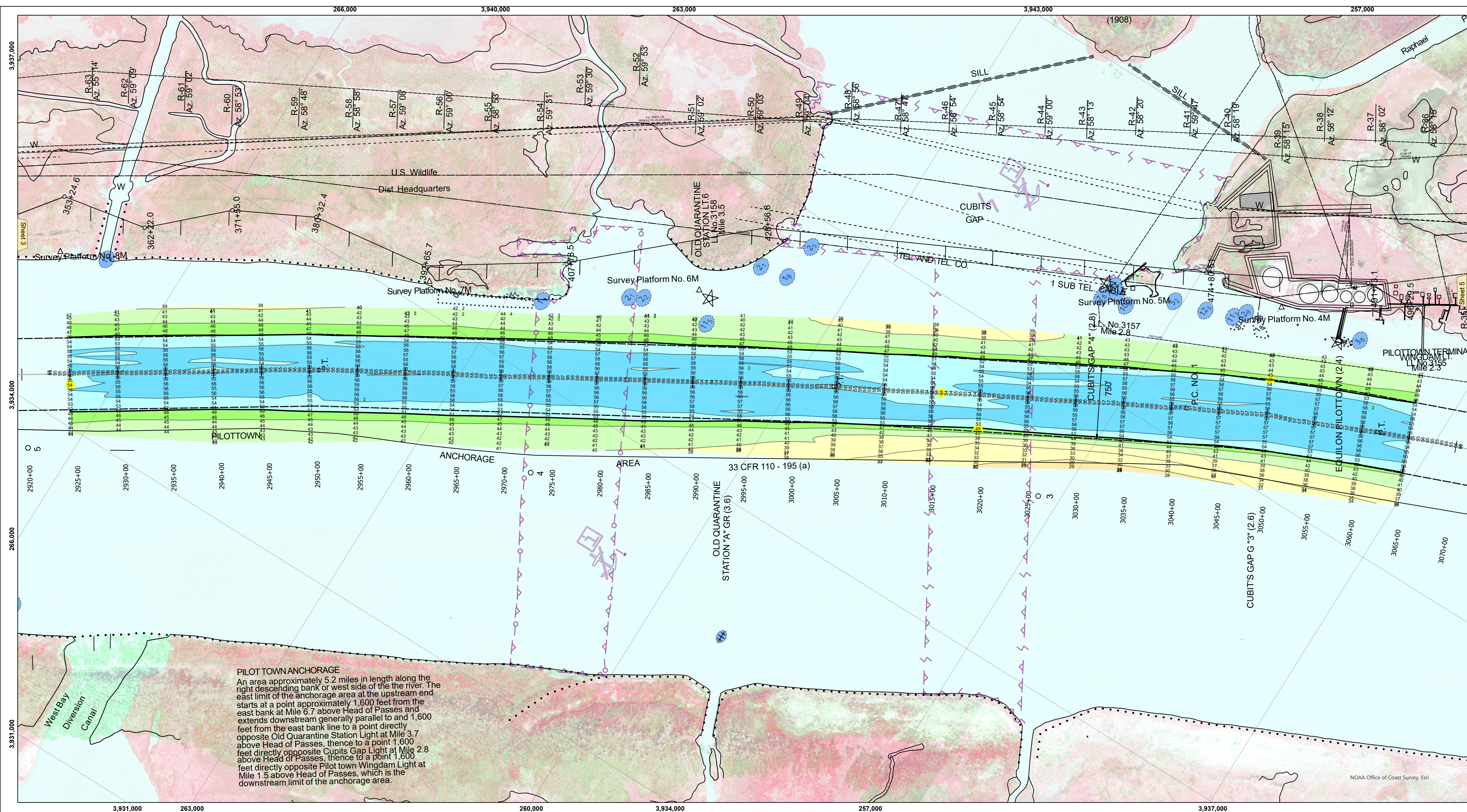




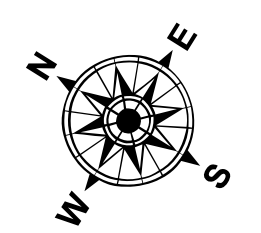
US Army Corps of Engineers District: CEMVN

DISTRICT LIABILITY: The data represents the results of data collection/processing for a specific US Army Corps of Engineers activity and is not intended for use for any other purpose. The user is responsible for the results of the application of the data for other than its intended purpose. The user is responsible for the results of the application of the data for other than its intended purpose. The user is responsible for the results of the application of the data for other than its intended purpose.

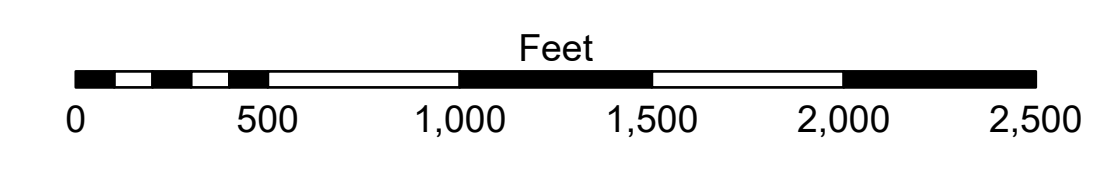


LEGEND

--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	3 Fluff Thickness (feet)*	■ -10' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	□ Borrow Area	■ -10' to -20'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Anchorage Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	■ -20' to -30'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	★ Beacon, General	■ -30' to -40'
— Project Depth Contour	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	■ -40' to -45'
		◆ Green Navigation Buoy	■ -45' to -50'
			■ -50' to -55'
			■ -55' and below



Gage Reading: 0.7 LLW @ PILOT TOWN (01525) @ 0005
 Sea Conditions: CALM
 Vessel Name: OB-173
 Survey Type: CONDITION, SB
 Sounding Frequency***: LOW



NOTES:

Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum: Mean Low Water (MLLW, 12-16).
 Datum Relationships for gage 01525 as of March 2020:
 0.0' NAVD83, 2009.55 = -0.53' MLLW = 2.97' MLG

Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are based on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2024 Aerial Photography data source: Optimal GEO (1998 DOQQ in green)

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.

** Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

*** High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

Submitted:	Surveyed By: LB & MGF
Recommended: Chief, Survey Section	Plotted By: LLD
Approved: Chief, Waterways Maintenance Section	Checked By: MSK

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B. R. TO GULF
SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 4
SW_04_SWPX_20241011_CS**

11 October 2024

Sheet Reference Number
4 of 13

Revision Number:
5.23.12.3-3.23.12.3