



**LEGEND**

Symbol	Description	Depth Range
—	Federal Navigation Channel	-10' and above
—	Federal Navigation Center Line	-10' to -20'
—	As-built Pipeline/Cable	-20' to -30'
.....	Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	-30' to -40'
—	Project Depth Contour	-40' to -45'
○ ○	Cable Area	-45' to -48.5'
□	Placement Area	-48.5' to -55'
[ ]	Anchorage Area	-55' and below
⊗	Obstruction Point	
↗	Wrecks-Submerged	
□	Borrow Area	
●	Shoalest Sounding**	
★	Beacon, General	
◆	Red Navigation Buoy	
◆	Green Navigation Buoy	



Gage Reading: 2.3 MLLW @ PILOT TOWN @ 1130  
Sea Conditions: CALM  
Vessel Name: JOHN BOPP  
Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

Feet



0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500

**NOTES:**  
Horizontal Coordinate System:  
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane  
Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

**Vertical Datum:**  
Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11).  
**Datum Relationships for gage 01525 as of July 2015:**

Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown  
in miles to the nearest tenth.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DO

Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

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