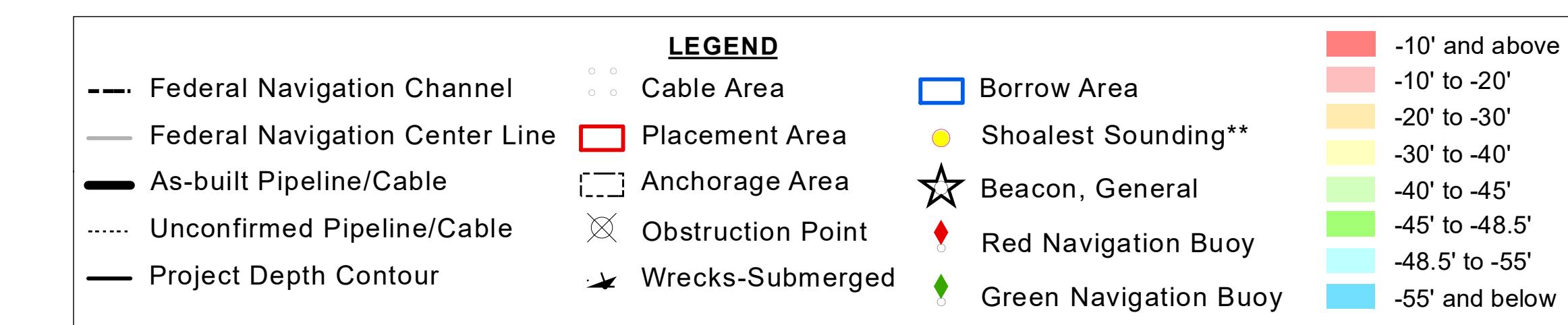
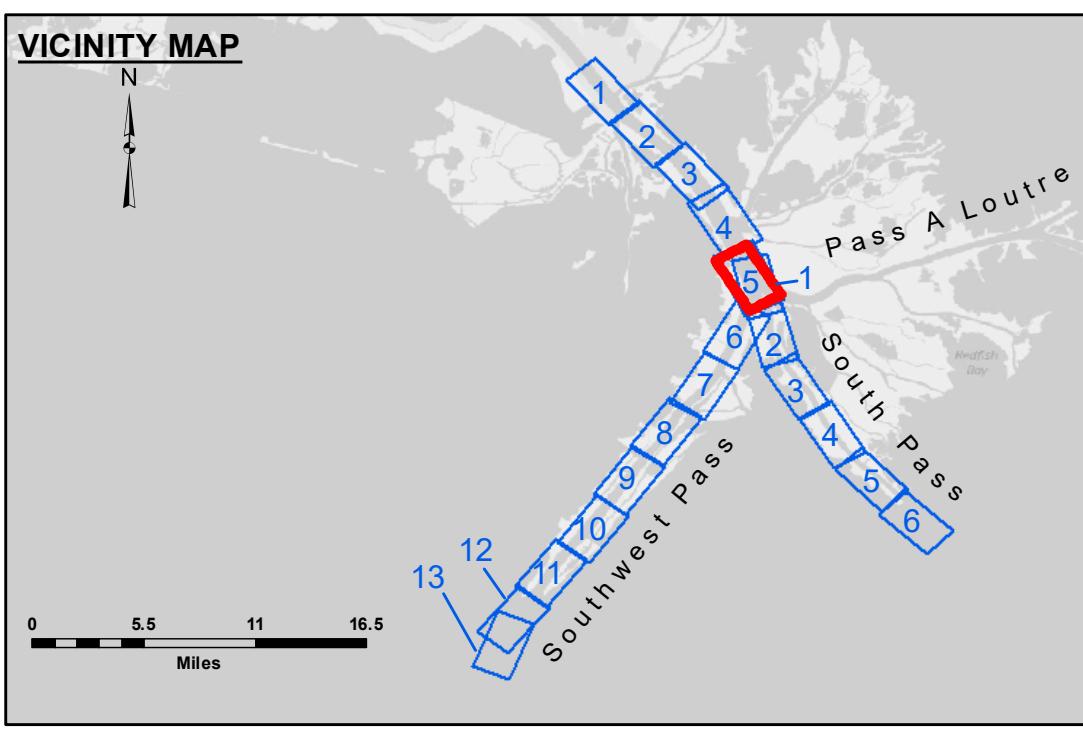


US Army Corps of Engineers  
District: CEMVN

**DISCLAIMER:**  
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U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS	
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT	
Surveyed By:	LLB & TDG
Protected By:	TS
Charged By:	MSK

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF**  
**SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 5**  
**SW\_05\_SWP\_20180429\_CS**  
29 April 2018



Gage Reading: 1.70 MLLW @ PILOT TOWN @ 0940  
Sea Conditions: CALM, FLUFF  
Vessel Name: JOHN BOPP  
Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

North South East West  
0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500  
Feet

**NOTES:**  
Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.  
Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11). Datum Relationships for gage 01525 as of July 2015: 0.0' NAVD88 = -0.3' MLLW = 3.20' MLG

Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DOQQ in green)  
Reference is N.O.A.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

**Sheet Reference Number**  
5 of 13

Revision Number:  
3.12-20160811