



**LEGEND**

|                                  |                     |                         |                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| --- Federal Navigation Channel   | ○ Cable Area        | □ Borrow Area           | ■ -10' and above |
| — Federal Navigation Center Line | □ Placement Area    | ● Shoalest Sounding**   | ■ -10' to -20'   |
| — As-built Pipeline/Cable        | □ Anchorage Area    | ★ Beacon, General       | ■ -20' to -30'   |
| ..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable | ⊗ Obstruction Point | ◆ Red Navigation Buoy   | ■ -30' to -40'   |
| — Project Depth Contour          | ⚓ Wrecks-Submerged  | ◆ Green Navigation Buoy | ■ -40' to -45'   |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -45' to -50'   |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -50' to -55'   |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -55' and below |



Gage Reading: 1.1 MLLW @ H.O.P. (01545 OD) @ 0944  
 Sea Conditions: CALM  
 Vessel Name: BLANCHARD  
 Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW



**NOTES:**  
 Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.  
 Vertical Datum: Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 12-16).  
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 12-16). Datum Relationships for gage 01545 as of March 2020: 0.0' NAVD83, 2009.55 = -0.32' MLLW = 3.18' MLG  
 Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
 The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.  
 2022 Aerial Photography data source: Optimal GEO (1998 DOQQ in green)  
 Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.  
 \*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
 \*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.



**DISTRIBUTION LIABILITY:** The data represents the results of data collection/processing for a specific US Army Corps of Engineers project and is only valid for its intended use, content, time and accuracy specifications. The user is responsible for the results and accuracy of the data. Application of the data for other than its intended purpose is prohibited.  
 Data Constants: Hydrographic survey data is subject to change rapidly due to several factors including but not limited to dredging operations, channel migration, and other factors. The user is responsible for the hydrographical conditions which develop after the date of the survey. Prudent mariners should not rely solely upon it.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT

|  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| Submitted:                                       | Surveyed By:<br>JTB & DBD |
| Recommended:<br>Chief Survey Section             | Plotted By:<br>TSS        |
| Approved:<br>Chief Waterways Maintenance Section | Checked By:<br>MSK        |

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF  
 SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 6  
 SW\_06\_SWP\_20240515\_CS  
 15 May 2024**

**Sheet Reference Number  
 6 of 13**

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