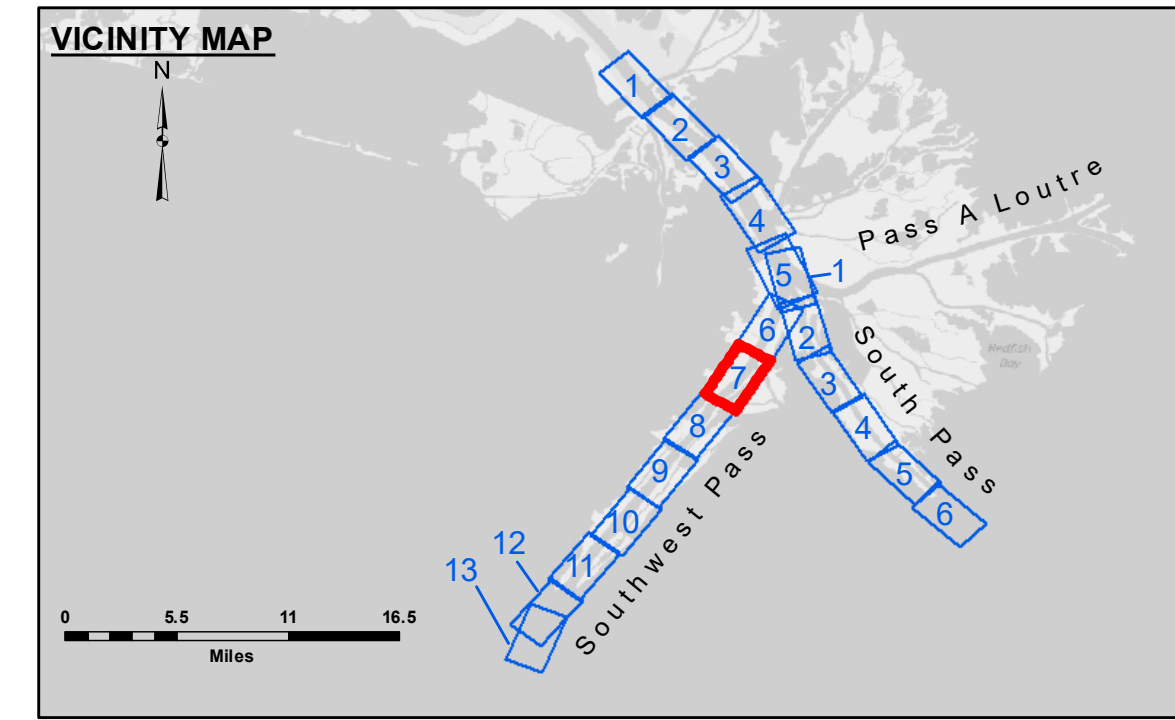


**DREDGE NEWPORT  
DREDGING RANGE 45-B TO RANGE 38-B  
FULL CHANNEL WIDTH**



LEGEND			
--- Federal Navigation Channel	○ Cable Area	□ Borrow Area	■ -10' and above
— Federal Navigation Center Line	□ Placement Area	● Shoalest Sounding**	■ -10' to -20'
— As-built Pipeline/Cable	□ Anchorage Area	☆ Beacon, General	■ -20' to -30'
..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable	⊗ Obstruction Point	◆ Red Navigation Buoy	■ -30' to -40'
— Project Depth Contour	⚓ Wrecks-Submerged	◆ Green Navigation Buoy	■ -40' to -45'
			■ -45' to -48.5'
			■ -48.5' to -55'
			■ -55' and below

Gage Reading: 1.6 MLLW @ HEAD OF PASSES @ 1040  
 Sea Conditions: CALM  
 Vessel Name: JOHN BOPP  
 Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

Vertical Datum:  
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11).  
 Datum Relationships for gage 01545 as of July 2015:  
 0.0' NAVD86 = -0.18' MLLW = 3.32' MLG

Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DOQQ in green)

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

**NOTES:**

Horizontal Coordinate System:  
 North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.

Vertical Datum:  
 Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11).  
 Datum Relationships for gage 01545 as of July 2015:  
 0.0' NAVD86 = -0.18' MLLW = 3.32' MLG

Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.

The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.

2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DOQQ in green)

Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.

\*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.

\*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.



**DISTRIBUTION LIABILITY:** The data represents the results of data collection/processing for a specific US Army Corps of Engineers project. It is only valid for its intended use, content, time and accuracy specifications. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data for other than its intended purpose.

**Data Constants:** Hydrographic survey data is subject to change rapidly due to several factors including but not limited to dredging activities, channel migration, and other factors. The user is responsible for the hydrographical conditions which develop after the date of the survey. The Corps of Engineers accepts no responsibility for changes in the hydrographical conditions which develop after the date of the survey. Prudent mariners should not rely solely upon it.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT		
Submitted:	Surveyed By: HNP & TDG	Plotted By: TSS
Recommended:	Checked By: MSK	Checked By: MSK
Approved:	Checked By: Maintenance Section	

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B. R. TO GULF  
SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 7  
SW\_07\_SWP\_20180601\_CS  
01 June 2018**

**Sheet Reference Number  
7 of 13**