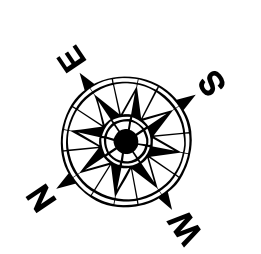
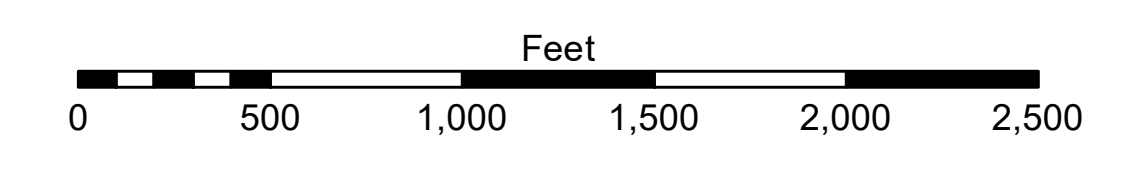


| LEGEND                           |                     |                         |                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| --- Federal Navigation Channel   | ● Cable Area        | □ Borrow Area           | ■ -10' and above |
| — Federal Navigation Center Line | ■ Placement Area    | ● Shoalest Sounding**   | ■ -10' to -20'   |
| — As-built Pipeline/Cable        | □ Anchorage Area    | ★ Beacon, General       | ■ -20' to -30'   |
| ..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable | ⊗ Obstruction Point | ◆ Red Navigation Buoy   | ■ -30' to -40'   |
| — Project Depth Contour          | ⚓ Wrecks-Submerged  | ◆ Green Navigation Buoy | ■ -40' to -45'   |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -45' to -48.5' |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -48.5' to -55' |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -55' and below |



Gage Reading: 0.9 MLLW @ LIGHT-21 @ 1035  
 Sea Conditions: CALM  
 Vessel Name: JOHN BOPP  
 Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW



**NOTES:**  
 Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.  
 Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11). Datum Relationships for gage 01575 as of July 2015: 0.0' NAVD88 = 0.17' MLLW = 3.67' MLG  
 Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
 The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.  
 2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DOQQ in green)  
 Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.  
 \*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
 \*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.

|  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS<br>NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT |                           |
| Submitted:   | Surveyed By:<br>JTB & RCC |
| Recommended:<br>Chart Survey Section                 | Plotted By:<br>MSK        |
| Approved:<br>Chart Waterways Maintenance Section     | Checked By:<br>MSK        |

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF  
 SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 8  
 SW\_08\_SWP\_20201103\_CS\_FORUM  
 03 November 2020**

**Sheet Reference Number  
 8 of 13**

Revision Number:  
 4.1-20191105



**DISCLAIMER:** The United States Government furnishes these data and the recipient accepts and uses them with the express understanding that the data are not warranted for accuracy, reliability, usability, or availability for any particular purpose of the recipient. The user is responsible for the results obtained from the use of the data for other than the intended purpose.  
**ACCESS LIMITATIONS:** Hydrographic survey data is subject to change rapidly due to several factors including but not limited to dredging operations, channel migration, and other natural processes. The Army Corps of Engineers accepts no responsibility for changes in the hydrographical conditions which develop after the date of the survey. Product reviews should not be considered an endorsement of the data or the information contained therein.  
**ACCESS RESTRICTIONS:** The information depicted on this map represents the results of a survey conducted on or after the date of the survey. The information is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was collected and is not to be disseminated outside the organization.