



| LEGEND                           |                     |                         |                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| --- Federal Navigation Channel   | ● Cable Area        | □ Borrow Area           | ■ -10' and above |
| — Federal Navigation Center Line | ■ Placement Area    | ● Shoalest Sounding**   | ■ -10' to -20'   |
| — As-built Pipeline/Cable        | □ Anchorage Area    | ★ Beacon, General       | ■ -20' to -30'   |
| ..... Unconfirmed Pipeline/Cable | ⊗ Obstruction Point | ◆ Red Navigation Buoy   | ■ -30' to -40'   |
| — Project Depth Contour          | ⚓ Wrecks-Submerged  | ◆ Green Navigation Buoy | ■ -40' to -45'   |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -45' to -48.5' |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -48.5' to -55' |
|                                  |                     |                         | ■ -55' and below |

Gage Reading: 1.4 MLLW @ LIGHT-14 @ 0940  
 Sea Conditions: CHOPPY  
 Vessel Name: BLANCHARD  
 Survey Type: CONDITION, SB  
 Sounding Frequency\*\*\*: LOW

Feet  
 0 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,500

**NOTES:**  
 Horizontal Coordinate System: North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), projected to the State Plane Coordinate System (SPCS), Louisiana South Zone. Distance units in U.S. Survey Feet.  
 Vertical Datum: Soundings are shown in feet and indicate depths below Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW, 07-11). Datum Relationships for gage 01625 as of July 2015: 0.0' NAVD83 = 0.39' MLLW = 3.89' MLG  
 Distances on the Mississippi River, above and below Head of Passes are shown at 1 mile intervals.  
 The location of navigation aids are base on and provided by the U.S. Coast Guard.  
 2016 Aerial Photography data source: Precision Aerial Reconnaissance, LLC (1998 DOQQ in green)  
 Reference is N.O.A. Navigation Chart No. 11361.  
 \*\* Shoalest Sounding per Quarter per Reach.  
 \*\*\* High frequency (200 kHz) survey data represents the first signal return at a sounding location and will include suspended solids, known as "fluff", if present. Low frequency (24 kHz) survey data normally penetrates through this "fluff" layer to depict elevations of consolidated bottom material. Low frequency accuracies may vary depending on channel conditions and fathometer settings.



**DISCLAIMER:** The United States Government furnishes these data and the recipient accepts and uses them with the express understanding that the data are not warranted for accuracy, reliability, usability or suitability for any particular purpose of the recipient. The user is responsible for the results of any use of the data. The United States Government is not liable for any damage or loss, whether to property or to persons, arising from the use of the data. The recipient may not transfer these data to others without also transferring this disclaimer. The information depicted on the map represents the results of a hydrographic survey conducted on the date of the survey. The hydrographic conditions which develop after the date of the survey are not represented on the map. Product names should not be used to imply endorsement.

| U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS<br>NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT |                           |                                     |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Submitted:   | Surveyed By:<br>JTB & DBD | Checked By:<br>MSK                  |
| Recommended:   | Plotted By:<br>TSS        |                                     |
| Approved:  | Chart Survey Section      | Chart Waterways Maintenance Section |

**MISSISSIPPI RIVER - B.R. TO GULF  
 SOUTHWEST PASS - SHEET 10  
 SW\_10\_SWP\_20190209\_CS  
 09 February 2019**

**Sheet Reference Number  
 10 of 13**

Revision Number:  
 3.13-20160811